

CLAIM AMENDMENTS

Please amend the claims to be as follows.

1. (currently amended) A method of processing a packet sent to a provider network, the method comprising:
 - receiving the packet via a first user port ~~[[of]]~~ at a first edge switch of the network,
 - wherein the first user port is an input port of the first edge switch;
 - determining forwarding and routing by the first edge switch based on a user VLAN identifier (VID) of a user VLAN tag for the packet;
 - creating a tunnel ~~between~~ from the first user port ~~[[of]]~~ at the first edge switch ~~[[and]]~~ to a second user port ~~[[of]]~~ at a second edge switch using double VLAN tagging by inserting a provider VLAN tag, including a provider VID, into the packet at a first provider port ~~[[of]]~~ at the first edge switch prior to transmission of the packet via the first provider port and stripping the provider VLAN tag from the packet after the packet is received by a second provider port at the second edge switch, wherein the first provider port is an output port of the first edge switch, wherein the second provider port is an input port of the second edge switch, and wherein the second user port is an output port of the second edge switch; and
 - providing a user-expected service level in relation to traffic flowing through said tunnel ~~which provides a security action of dropping the packet or forwarding the packet to management software.~~

2. (original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - forwarding and routing the packet by a middle switch based on the provider VLAN tag.

3. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the packet received includes a user VLAN tag, and wherein the user VID is derived from the user VLAN tag.

4. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the packet received does not include a user VLAN tag, and wherein the user VID is assigned to be a port VID associated with the user port.
5. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the provider VID comprises a VID of a destination VLAN.
6. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the provider VID comprises a port VID associated with the input port.
7. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the first edge switch determines a class of service (COS) for the packet based on the user VLAN tag.
8. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the first edge switch determines the security action for the packet based on the user VLAN tag.
9. (canceled)
10. (currently amended) The method of [[claim 9]] claim 1, wherein the packet is routed to more than one middle switch before arriving at the second edge switch.
11. (currently amended) A switch apparatus for processing a packet sent to a provider network, the apparatus comprising:
 - a user port for receiving the packet, the user port being an input port of the switch apparatus;
 - forwarding logic for determining forwarding and routing based on a user VLAN identifier (VID) of a user VLAN tag for the packet; and

- a provider port that inserts a provider VLAN tag, including a provider VID, into the packet prior to transmission of the packet such that the transmitted packet has at least two VLAN tags, the provider port being an output port of the switch apparatus, such that a tunnel is created ~~between~~ from the user port of the switch apparatus ~~[[and]]~~ to another user port of a different switch apparatus, wherein a user-expected service level is provided in relation to traffic flowing through said tunnel ~~which provides a security action of dropping the packet or forwarding the packet to management software.~~
12. (previously presented) A system for processing packets sent to a provider network, the system comprising:
- a first switch configured to receive a packet via a user port, to determine routing and forwarding for the packet based on a user VID of a user VLAN tag, and to insert a provider VLAN tag into the packet at a provider port prior to transmission of the packet such that the transmitted packet has at least two VLAN tags therein; and
 - a second switch configured to receive the packet having at least two VLAN tags via a provider port, to strip the provider VLAN tag from the packet at the provider port, and to determine routing and forwarding for the packet based on the user VID for the user VLAN tag,
- wherein a tunnel is created between the user port of the first switch and a user port of the second switch, and
- wherein a service level is provided in relation to traffic flowing through said tunnel which provides a security action of dropping the packet or forwarding the packet to management software.
13. (original) The system of claim 12, further comprising at least one middle switch communicatively coupled between the first and second switches.
14. (original) The system of claim 12, further comprising utilization of a class of service (COS) for routing and forwarding of the packet that is based on the user VID.

15. (previously presented) The system of claim 12, further comprising determining the security action for the packet based on the user tag.
16. (currently amended) A method of routing and forwarding a packet using double Q tagging by inserting a provider VLAN tag at a provider port of a first switch in addition to a user VLAN tag to create a tunnel between a user port of ~~[[a]]~~ the first switch and a user port of a second switch, wherein a user-expected service level is provided in relation to traffic flowing through the tunnel ~~which provides a security action of dropping the packet or forwarding the packet to management software, and wherein the provider~~ VLAN tag is removed at a provider port of the second switch.
17. (canceled)
18. (canceled)
19. (currently amended) An apparatus for processing a packet sent to a provider network, the apparatus comprising:
- means for receiving the packet via a user port of an edge switch of the network, the user port being an ingress port for the edge switch;
 - means for determining forwarding and routing by the edge switch based on a user VLAN identifier (VID) of a user VLAN tag for the packet; and
 - means for inserting a provider VLAN tag, including a provider VID, into the packet at a provider port of the edge switch prior to transmission of the packet via the provider port, the provider port being an egress port of the edge switch, such that a tunnel is created between the user port of the edge switch and a user port of a different edge switch, wherein a service level is provided in relation to

traffic flowing through said tunnel ~~which provides a security action of dropping the packet or forwarding the packet to management software.~~